

Table 5: Mortality of cervical cancer Europe (estimates for 2020)

Area	N Cases	Uncertainty intervals of new cancer cases [95% UI]	Crude rate ^b	ASR ^b	Cumulative risk (%) ages 0-74 years ^a	Ranking	
						All women	Women 15-44 years
Europe	25,989	[24,919.5-27,104.4]	6.71	3.76	0.40	10	3
Eastern Europe	15,854	[15,372.7-16,350.4]	10.2	6.06	0.65	7	2
Hungary	482	[414.6-560.4]	9.52	4.92	0.53	7	3
Republic of Moldova	248	[206.1-298.4]	11.8	7.43	0.81	5	1
Poland	2,137	[2,012.2-2,269.5]	11.0	5.86	0.65	7	3
Romania	1,805	[1,653.6-1,970.2]	18.3	9.57	1.08	4	2
Russian Federation	7,550	[7,313.9-7,793.7]	9.64	6.08	0.64	7	1
Slovakia	284	[233.3-345.7]	10.1	5.35	0.59	7	3
Czechia	398	[338.6-467.8]	7.32	3.56	0.39	8	3
Bulgaria	503	[409-618.6]	14.1	7.13	0.77	6	2
Belarus	358	[316.1-405.4]	7.09	4.20	0.44	8	3
Ukraine	2,089	[1,938.8-2,250.9]	8.90	5.60	0.60	7	1
Northern Europe	2,134	[1,983.5-2,295.9]	3.97	2.18	0.22	16	3
Lithuania	193	[160.1-232.7]	13.2	6.67	0.73	7	2
Ireland	106	[73-154]	4.26	2.77	0.30	14	4
Iceland	5	[1.90-12.9]	2.94	1.94	0.20	14	4
Latvia	136	[98.6-187.5]	13.4	6.80	0.71	8	2
Norway	96	[57.5-160.4]	3.58	1.75	0.18	15	5
Sweden	200	[159.6-250.6]	3.97	1.79	0.18	16	4
Finland	67	[50.8-88.3]	2.39	1.12	0.12	17	4
Estonia	62	[43.8-87.7]	8.88	4.33	0.49	8	2
United Kingdom	1,121	[1,035.8-1,213.2]	3.26	1.92	0.19	16	3
Denmark	140	[79.8-245.6]	4.81	2.20	0.23	13	4
Southern Europe	3,705	[3,430.7-4,001.2]	4.72	2.31	0.25	14	3
Portugal	379	[323.2-444.5]	7.05	3.20	0.34	11	3
Spain	814	[728.8-909.1]	3.42	1.65	0.18	15	4
Serbia	634	[559.1-718.9]	14.2	7.94	0.88	5	3
Slovenia	54	[34.8-83.8]	5.17	2.35	0.25	15	3
Cyprus	33	[20.7-52.5]	5.46	2.88	0.25	11	3
Bosnia & Herzegovina	153	[127.9-183]	9.14	5.18	0.56	9	3
Albania	74	[53-103.3]	5.24	3.25	0.38	6	5
Croatia	150	[115.8-194.3]	7.06	3.20	0.36	14	5
Greece	282	[226.4-351.2]	5.31	2.23	0.23	12	3
Italy	1,011	[884.5-1,155.6]	3.26	1.55	0.17	15	4
North Macedonia	62	[45.7-84.1]	5.95	3.64	0.41	10	4
Montenegro	54	[38.5-75.8]	17.0	10.5	1.08	4	1
Malta	5	[1.90-13.3]	2.27	1.06	0.11	17	16
Western Europe	4,296	[4,063.9-4,541.4]	4.31	2.05	0.22	15	4
Luxembourg	10	[4.80-20.9]	3.23	1.79	0.22	14	28
Switzerland	100	[74.2-134.7]	2.29	1.01	0.11	17	8
France	1,452	[1,320.9-1,596.1]	4.31	2.20	0.24	15	5
Belgium	236	[189.2-294.4]	4.04	1.98	0.21	16	4
Germany	2,075	[1,939-2,220.5]	4.90	2.20	0.24	15	3
Austria	170	[132.2-218.6]	3.72	1.81	0.19	15	4
Netherlands	253	[202.2-316.6]	2.94	1.42	0.15	17	5

Data accessed on 27 Jan 2021

For more detailed methods of estimation please refer to <http://gco.iarc.fr/today/data-sources-methods>

^a Cumulative risk (mortality) is the probability or risk of individuals dying from the disease during ages 0-74 years. For cancer, it is expressed as the % of new born children who would be expected to die from a particular cancer before the age of 75 if they had the rates of cancer observed in the period in the absence of competing causes.

^b Rates per 100,000 women per year.

Data Sources:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2020). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.fr/today>, accessed [27 January 2021].