

Table 5: Mortality of cervical cancer Asia (estimates for 2020)

Area	N Cases	Uncertainty intervals of new cancer cases [95% UI]	Crude rate ^b	ASR ^b	Cumulative risk (%) ages 0-74 years ^a	Ranking	
						All women	Women 15-44 years
Asia	199,902	[188,272.7-212,249.6]	8.82	7.05	0.81	4	2
Central Asia	2,678	[769-904.4]	7.14	7.00	0.77	3	2
Kazakhstan	834	[769-904.4]	8.63	7.20	0.76	4	1
Kyrgyzstan	286	[234.6-348.6]	8.67	9.11	1.01	1	1
Tajikistan	190	[159.7-226]	4.02	5.17	0.52	3	2
Turkmenistan	265	[226.6-310]	8.65	8.91	0.97	2	2
Uzbekistan	1,103	[969.5-1,254.9]	6.58	6.68	0.76	3	2
Eastern Asia	66,436	[63,239.9-69,793.7]	8.08	4.95	0.57	8	3
China	59,060	[56,090-62,187.3]	8.37	5.27	0.61	7	3
Japan	4,213	[4,016.8-4,418.8]	6.51	2.93	0.31	9	3
Republic of Korea	1,014	[921.6-1,115.6]	3.96	1.84	0.17	10	4
Mongolia	182	[147.2-225]	10.9	11.6	1.22	3	1
DPR Korea	1,128	[879.5-1,446.8]	8.56	6.48	0.64	6	2
South-Eastern Asia	38,530	[36,257.7-40,944.7]	11.5	9.98	1.16	3	2
Brunei	14	[7.60-25.9]	6.65	5.72	0.70	5	3
Indonesia	21,003	[19,331.7-22,818.7]	15.5	14.4	1.73	2	2
Cambodia	643	[400.7-1,031.9]	7.51	8.33	0.94	4	2
Laos	191	[119-306.5]	5.27	6.70	0.77	6	4
Myanmar	4,497	[2,802.1-7,217.1]	16.0	14.4	1.54	1	1
Malaysia	991	[918.4-1,069.3]	6.30	5.85	0.67	5	4
Philippines	4,052	[3,737.3-4,393.2]	7.43	7.89	0.88	4	4
Singapore	172	[140.3-210.9]	6.17	3.32	0.37	8	4
Thailand	4,705	[4,337.8-5,103.3]	13.1	7.45	0.83	5	2
Timor-Leste	39	[24.3-62.6]	5.98	8.76	0.98	2	2
Viet Nam	2,223	[2,019.4-2,447.1]	4.56	3.42	0.39	7	8
Southern Asia	89,307	[618.6-1,094.9]	9.50	9.75	1.12	2	2
Afghanistan	823	[618.6-1,094.9]	4.34	7.57	0.83	2	2
Bangladesh	4,971	[3,736.6-6,613.2]	6.10	6.67	0.76	3	2
Bhutan	27	[23.9-30.5]	7.47	8.43	0.94	2	1
India	77,348	[74,245.5-80,580.2]	11.7	11.4	1.30	2	2
Iran	644	[584.3-709.8]	1.55	1.52	0.17	12	10
Sri Lanka	780	[716.4-849.3]	7.00	4.94	0.57	4	5
Maldives	24	[18.9-30.4]	12.1	14.1	1.78	2	2
Nepal	1,493	[1,251.4-1,781.2]	9.46	11.1	1.22	1	1
Pakistan	3,197	[2,403.1-4,253.1]	2.98	3.99	0.46	5	3
Western Asia	2,951	[2,640.3-3,298.3]	2.23	2.30	0.27	12	8
United Arab Emirates	59	[38-91.7]	1.93	3.92	0.49	4	4
Armenia	115	[78.8-167.9]	7.33	4.64	0.52	8	2
Azerbaijan	256	[220.1-297.8]	5.04	4.03	0.48	6	3
Bahrain	12	[5.70-25.5]	2.00	2.40	0.31	10	6
Georgia	204	[160.4-259.4]	9.77	5.89	0.65	6	2
Iraq	193	[160.8-231.6]	0.97	1.54	0.19	11	11
Israel	121	[86.8-168.8]	2.78	1.96	0.22	13	4
Jordan	71	[48-105.1]	1.41	1.92	0.22	12	9
Kuwait	28	[17.3-45.2]	1.69	1.77	0.23	9	4
Lebanon	73	[55.2-96.5]	2.15	2.01	0.24	12	9
Oman	50	[30.5-81.9]	2.88	4.19	0.49	3	4
Palestine	44	[9.30-209.2]	1.75	3.40	0.43	11	20
Qatar	11	[2.30-52.3]	1.54	2.91	0.36	7	4
Saudi Arabia	179	[75.2-426.2]	1.22	1.60	0.18	9	7
Syria	137	[28.8-651.5]	1.57	1.87	0.22	12	9
Turkey	1,245	[1,101.3-1,407.5]	2.92	2.23	0.25	12	8
Yemen	153	[63.6-368.3]	1.03	1.77	0.21	12	9

Data accessed on 27 Jan 2021For more detailed methods of estimation please refer to <http://gco.iarc.fr/today/data-sources-methods>^a Cumulative risk (mortality) is the probability or risk of individuals dying from the disease during ages 0-74 years. For cancer, it is expressed as the % of new born children who would be expected to die from a particular cancer before the age of 75 if they had the rates of cancer observed in the period in the absence of competing causes.^b Rates per 100,000 women per year.**Data Sources:**Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2020). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.fr/today>, accessed [27 January 2021].